Unit 3 - End of Unit Review

AP Calc. AB/BC

Warmup: Questions from Lesson 3.6?

If you haven't finished the CA worksheet from yesterday take it out and continue to work on it during this time.

Name: Unit 3 REVIEW – Comp		Period:	nc
T-1			
Reviews do NOT cover all material fro should review all packets from Unit 3.		ning you of key points. To be	e prepar
Find the derivative.			
$1. \ h(x) = \cos^2(4x)$	2. y =	$\ln \sqrt{x+3}$	
3. $x^2 + 2y^5 = 10xy$	4 v =	$\csc^{-1}(x^3)$	
J. X 129 - 10X9	,	esc (x)	

For each problem, let f and g be differentiable functions where $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$ for all x.

5.
$$f(6) = -1$$
, $f(4) = -2$, $f'(6) = 3$, and $f'(4) = 6$. Let f be the function defined by

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6.
$$f(6) = -1$$
, $f(4) = -2$, $f'(6) = 3$, and $f'(4) = 6$. Let f be the function defined by $f(x) = x^3 + 3x + 1$. Let $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$, where $g(-3) = -1$. What is the value of $g'(-3)$?

7. $y = x^5 - e^{4x}$	$8. y = y^2 + x$	

Practice - Test Prep.

Take the next 5-10 minutes to work together on the practice - test prep section of our notes.

We will go through it together on the board after the time is up!

Review Name: Solutions Date: Period:

Unit 3 REVIEW – Composite, Implicit, and Inverse Functions

Reviews do NOT cover all material from the lessons but should remind you of key points. To be prepared, you

should review all packets from Unit 3.

Find the derivative.

1.
$$h(x) = \cos^2(4x)$$

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 $h'(x) = \lambda \cos(4x) \cdot (-1)$

3. $x^2 + 2y^5 = 10xy$

Find the derivative.
1.
$$h(x) = \cos^2(4x)$$

 $h'(x) = 2\cos(4x) \cdot (-\sin(4x)) \cdot 4$

Find the derivative.

1.
$$h(x) = \cos^2(4x)$$

and the derivative.

$$h(x) = \cos^2(4x)$$

h'(x)=-8cos(4x) sin(4x)

Find the derivative.
1.
$$h(x) = \cos^2(4x)$$

Init 3.
$$2. \quad y = \ln \sqrt{x+3}$$

4. $y = \csc^{-1}(x^3)$

For each problem, let f and g be differentiable functions where
$$g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$$
 for all x.

5.
$$f(6) = -1$$
, $f(4) = -2$, $f'(6) = 3$, and $f'(4) = 6$. Let f be the function defined by

5.
$$f(6) = -1$$
, $f(4) = -2$, $f'(6) = 3$, and $f'(4) = 7$. What is the value of $g'(-1)$?

7. What is the value of
$$g'(-1)$$
?
$$g'(-1) = \frac{d}{dx} \int_{-1}^{-1} (-1) = \frac{1}{((C_1, C_1, C_1))}$$

What is the value of
$$g'(-1)$$
?

$$g'(-1) = \frac{d}{dx} f^{-1}(-1) = \frac{1}{f'(f^{-1}(-1))}$$

$$g'(-3) = \frac{d}{dx} f^{-1}(-3) = \frac{1}{f'(f^{-1}(-3))}$$

$$g'(-3) = \frac{d}{dx} f^{-1}(-3) = \frac{1}{f'(f^{-1}(-3))}$$

$$g'(-3) = \frac{2}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{5'(5^{-1})}$$

 $f'(x) = 3x^{2} + 3 = \frac{1}{5'(-1)}$
 $f'(-1) = 6 = \frac{1}{6}$

Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ based on the given information.

7.
$$y = x^5 - e^{4x}$$

 $2x = 5x^4 - e^{4x}$

$$\frac{9}{2} = 20x^{3} - 16e^{4x}$$

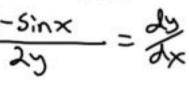
$$\frac{1}{2}(1-2y) = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(1-2y) = (1-2y)$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-25)^{2}} \cdot (-25)^{2} \cdot (-25)^{2} = \frac{1}{(1-25)^{2}} \cdot (\frac{-2}{(1-25)^{2}}) = \frac{2}{(1-25)^{2}}$$

9. Find the equation of the tangent line.
$$x^2 + 7y^2 = 8y^3$$
 at $(-6, 2)$

10. If
$$x = y^2 - \cos x$$
 find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at $(0, -1)$.



$$\frac{1}{1}$$
 $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}$

Independent Work Time

Please work on the CA worksheet during this time.

We will go through any questions from the CA worksheet tomorrow during the Warmup.

If you finish the CA worksheet early then you can go to AP Classroom and work on homework, step-by-step, watch a daily video, or utilize a different resource from GC

lame:	Date:	Corrective Assignment
Jnit 3 CA – Com	posite, Implicit, and Inve	rse Functions
Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.		
$1. y = \frac{e^{\tan 3x}}{3}$	$2. y = \ln(\sin 5x)$	$3. y = x \ln(4x)$

 $6. \quad 2x^3 - xy = \ln(y)$

5. $y = \cos^{-1}(7x^3)$

4. $e^{y^2} = x^5 + 10$

nd the equation of the tangent li	ne at the given point.	
$4x^3 = -5xy + 4y$ at $(1, -4)$	8. $y = \arccos(5x)$ at $x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{10}$	9. $h(x) = (2x - 1)^3(x + 2)$ at $x = 1$.

for the graph of
$$(y^3 + 1)^2 = x^2 + 4x + 4$$
. $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

Find the equation of any horizontal tangent lines

and f'(8) = 4. What is the value of g'(8)?

11. Slope of the tangent line of $g(x) = 4 \sin^3 x$ at

12. Let f and g be differentiable functions where
$$g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$$
 for all x. $f(6) = 8$, $f(8) = 2$, $f'(6) = -3$,

14. $5y^2 + 3 = x^2$	

Evaluate the 2 nd derivative at the given point	
15. If $f(x) = x^3 + \frac{5}{x}$, find $f''(-1)$.	16. If $x^2 + y^2 = 13$, find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at (2, 3).

The table below gives values of the differentiable functions g and h, as well as their derivatives, g' and h', at selected values of x.

x	g(x)	g'(x)	h(x)	h'(x)	
-1	0	4	3	6	
0	9	2	0	-4	
3	-1	-2	9	4	
9	3	1	16	9	

17. If
$$f(x) = \frac{g(x)}{\sqrt{h(x)}}$$
, find $f'(3)$.

18. Find
$$\frac{d}{dx}h^{-1}(9)$$
.

19. Find the equation of the tangent line to $g^{-1}(x)$ at x = 3.

Unit 3 Corrective Assignment - Answers

7. y + 4 = 8(x - 1)

11. $3\sqrt{2}$

17. $-\frac{16}{27}$

12.

18. 1

 $\frac{5x^4}{2ye^{y^2}}$

13. $12x^2e^{x^4} + 16x^6e^{x^4}$

19. y = x + 6

1.
$$e^{\tan(3x)} \sec^2(3x)$$
 2. $5 \cot(5x)$ 3. $\ln(4x) + 1$ 4. $\frac{5x^4}{2ye^{y^2}}$ 5. $-\frac{21x^2}{\sqrt{1-49x^6}}$ 6. $\frac{6x^2-y}{\frac{1}{y}+x}$ 7. $y+4=8(x-1)$ 8. $y-\frac{5\pi}{6}=-10\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{3}}{10}\right)$

10. y = -1

15. -16

9. y-3=19(x-1)

 $5y - \frac{x^2}{y}$